



Library advanced training course for PhD students

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2020/2021



The starting point from which we begin browsing for literature for our work is the library website, which is available in English at

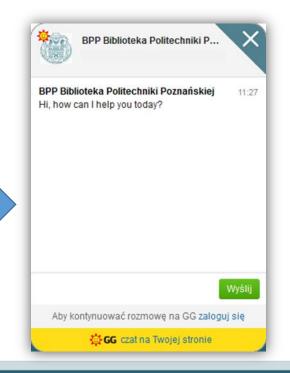
http://library.put.poznan.pl/en

We also encourage you to contact us via contact form and e-mail. More information is available at http://library.put.poznan.pl/en/ct_12_en



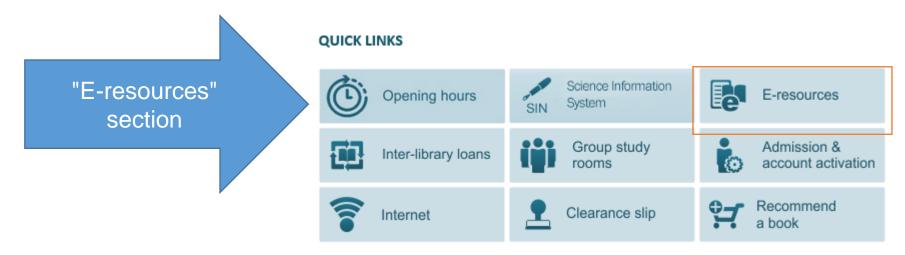
Returning to the main page of the library, I would like to point out the possibility of using the chat box (bottom right corner of the page), where you can ask questions about all our services.







Below are shortcuts to all the most important sections of our website. The "E-resources" section is key for us, as there is a list of all databases offered at our university along with access links.





The list is arranged alphabetically, but you can also view it by subject. Database links included in the list require either the use of a computer within the university's computer network or logging in with an active library account (using a university ID card).

Links included in the list require logging in





Access to library e-resources

In order to use electronic resources (e-books, e-journals, databases) from outside the university you have to apply for admission to the Library and have active reader account. Use "Nr

legitymacji" and "PESEL" to login.

If you want to get access in library just login to library computer using your university account: Use your e-mail address as login: name.surname@doctorate.put.poznan.pl and password for your account.





Terms of use

- Access to electronic resources is possible only after logging in. A library account is required (or a university account when logging in on computers located in the reading room). This requirement is related to the database licenses to which we have access. Any possible license violations are linked to a specific user account.
- The licenses of the databases that we have (including books and electronic journals) allow us to use them for educational and didactic purposes. You are allowed to share publication within students group.

Mass download of files (e.g. using automatic scripts) or further sharing of downloaded files outside university is prohibited. Access is purchased only for students and university staff.



Terms of use – Open Access

Open Access articles are free with almost unlimited access with the possibility of further copying and sharing. In the presented databases, an increasing number of publications are issued under the Open Access license. For example, in the BazTech database, over 70% of the journals provide full texts of their articles for free. You can download PDF files from an increasing number of journals without logging in. Open Access are usually based on Creative Commons licence.



Search for publications for your own papers – keywords

Defining the subject of your paper (and, consequently, keywords) is the first thing we should do. On the one hand, keywords must - obviously - correspond to the topic of our work. On the other hand be in line with the type of publication we are looking for. More general for books, more specific for articles. You have to adjust keywords according to number or results in databases.

The question is how to effectively choose keywords. You can define keywords based on reference publications corresponding to your topic. These can be publications already found by you that match the topic of your work. You can simply check what keywords are used in them. Keywords which comes along with articles are provided directly by authors so there are corresponding to a particular scientific discipline.

Even in an article published in Polish, you will find keywords, title or abstract translated into English. Such translations are also made by the author of the work - a scientist who knows the characteristics of the discipline and uses appropriate terms.



Publications from BazTech

BazTech http://baztech.icm.edu.pl/

This is the basic database for technical articles (from Polish scientific journals). An increasing number of articles are published in English, so you can also search in this language. Currently, more than 70% of the publications are available for free download (Open Access). The database itself does not require logging in, access is free. In the absence of the full text of the article found in this database, it is very likely that you will find it in our reading room. We have a majority of Polish technical journals in printed edition in Reading Room.

What's more, all publications added to BazTech have a complete set of information including the title of the journal they come from, volume, number, pages – thanks to this, searching for the full text in the reading room does not require any special effort. BazTech also offers a list of keywords used by the authors – it is the right place to expand or find the right keywords for your own work. Remember, if you find an article in the database, you should carefully read its keywords and bibliography to check if it may be useful for future search.



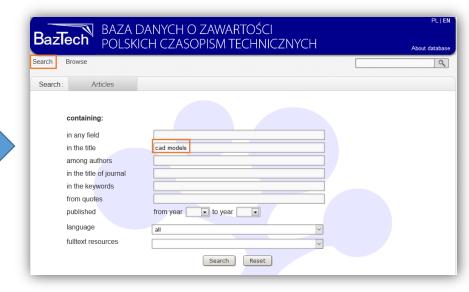
BazTech - searching

http://baztech.icm.edu.pl/

Search form – it's possbile to search by title, keywords, author etc. You can also select publications language.

Instead of using search form you can browse articles using keywords database









Abstract

BazTech – example article

Keywords used by the authors - it is the right place to expand or find the right keywords for your own work.

If we find an article in the database, we should carefully read its bibliography (References) to check if it may be useful for you.

CAD models clustering with machine earning

Authors:

Machalica Dawid, Matyjewski Marek

Full texts: L Download

Identifiers:

DOI 10.24425/ame.2019.128441

Languages of publication:

EN

Abstracts:

Similarity assessment between 3D models is an important problem in many fields including medicine, biology and industry. As there is no direct method to compare 3D geometries, different model representations (shape signatures) are developed to enable shape description, indexing and clustering. Even though some of those descriptors proved to achieve high classification precision, their application is often limited. In this work, a different approach to similarity assessment of 3D CAD models was presented. Instead of focusing on one specific shape signature, 45 easy-to-extract shape signatures were considered simultaneously. The vector of those features constituted an input for 3 machine learning algorithms; the random forest classifier, the support vector classifier and the fully connected neural network. The usefulness of the proposed approach was evaluated with a dataset consisting of over 1600 CAD models belonging to 9 separate classes. Different values of hyperparameters, as well as neural network configurations, were considered. Retrieval accuracy exceeding 99% was achieved on the test dataset.

Free full-text (available only for Open Access

articles - about 70% of all BazTech records).

Journal title, volume, number, pages.

Essential information to order article scan.

Keywords:

EN 3D shape matching 3D shape retrieval 3D model recognition 3D shape content-based retrieval machine learning

pi dopasowanie kształtu 3D pobieranie kształtu 3D rozpoznawanie modeli 3D kształt 3D pobieranie oparte na treści uczenie maszynowe

Publisher:

Komitet Budowy Maszyn PAN

Journal:

Archive of Mechanical Engineering

ear:

13

Volume:

Vol. LXVI, nr 2

Pages:

133--152

Physical description:

Bibliogr. 29 poz., rys., tab.

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References:

[1] T. Funkhouser, P. Min, M. Kazhdan, J. Chen, A. Halderman, D. Dobkin, and D. Jacobs. A search engine for 3D models. ACM Transactions on Graphics (TOG), 22(1):83–105, 2003. doi: 10.1145/588272.588279.

[2] Y. Yang, H. Lin, and Y. Zhang. Content-based 3-D model retrieval: A survey. IEEE Transactions on Systems. Man and Cybernetics Part C: Applications and Reviews, 37(6), 1081–1098, 2007. doi: 10.1109/TSMCC.2007.905756.

[3] N. Iyer, S. Jayanti, K. Lou, Y. Kalyanaraman, and K. Ramani. Three-dimensional shape searching: State-of-the-art review and future trends. Computer-Aided Design, 37(5):509–530, 2005. doi: 10.1016/j.cad.2004.07.002.

[4] Z. Zhang, Z. Jiang, and X. Wang. Biased support vector machine active learning for 3D model retrieval. In: 2010 International Conference on Mechanic Automation and Control Engineering, pages 89–92, Wuhan, China, 26–28 June, 2010. doi: 10.1109/MACE.2010.5535431.

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[6] B. Bustos, D.A. Keim, D. Saupe, T. Schreck, and D.V. Vranić. Feature-based similarity search in 3D object databases. ACM Computing Surveys, 37(4):345–387, 2005. doi: 10.1145/1118890.1118893.

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Publications from Google Scholar

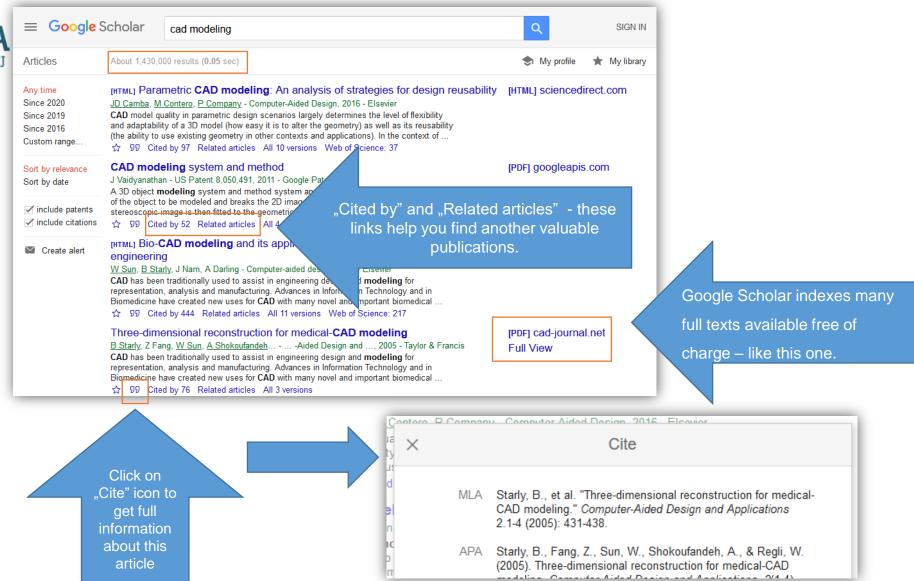
Google Scholar https://scholar.google.pl

Google Scholar is the Google solution for scientific needs. Google Scholar indexes many full texts available free of charge, e.g. posted on the author's or university's website. Moreover, it also provides publications from BazTech, but does so with a certain delay. Quite a significant disadvantage is a limited selection of options to narrow down the search results (available in the left column on the results page). Unfortunately, with a large number of results, the lack of such options makes it very difficult to filter out the undesired ones. Google Scholar is also a citation database, so after searching for publications you are interested in, you can, by checking out citations, reach those that are thematically similar. Each publication in Google Scholar has source information, i.e. the title of the journal/book it comes from, authors, year, number, pages – all this helps a lot when ordering a full text in Interlibrary Loan.



Google Scholar

https://scholar.google.pl





Publications from related fields

When analyzing the topic of your own paper, you should consider how similar it is to the topics followed in other universities (in other disciplines like natural sciences, economics, humanities, etc.). Many topics researched at Poznan University of Technology are interdisciplinary, hence the following proposal of databases from slightly different fields may be useful depending on the topic of your paper.

BazEkon http://bazekon.icm.edu.pl/

A database similar to BazTech, but created for economic universities, covers a range of topics related to, among others, management and logistics. Just like BazTech, it does not require logging in and is free. It also has some full text articles as well as articles in English. If a full text is not available, it should be remembered that most of the publications from this database - in printed version - are available at the Library of the University of Economics in Poznan. You can visit the reading room in this library.



Publications from related fields

AGRO http://agro.icm.edu.pl/

This is a database for natural sciences universities; records contained within may be slightly less extensive than in BazTech (sometimes abstracts and keywords are missing). Full texts of some articles are available. Access is free of charge. The database is created by the Library of the University of Life Sciences in Poznan, which has full texts of printed versions of articles available in their reading room.

BazHum http://www.bazhum.pl/

Bibliographic database of Polish journals in the field of humanities and social sciences. The database collects bibliographic data, registering the entire content of journals - from the first issues to the current ones. The creator of the collection is the Polish History Museum in Warsaw. This database is also free.



The most recommended place for searching for articles. First you need to log in (it is a paid database).

Go to the "E-resources" page: http://library.put.poznan.pl/en/2_en#wyk

Then choose "Alphabetical list" and select "S" and "Scopus" from the list.

Scopus

Interdisciplinary bibliographic and abstract database in the field of mathematics and

natural sciences, technical, medical, social and humanities. Contains about 41.000 journals (including over 5.000 Open Access), 240.000 books, 1521 book series, over 9 million conference paper and over 28 million patents.

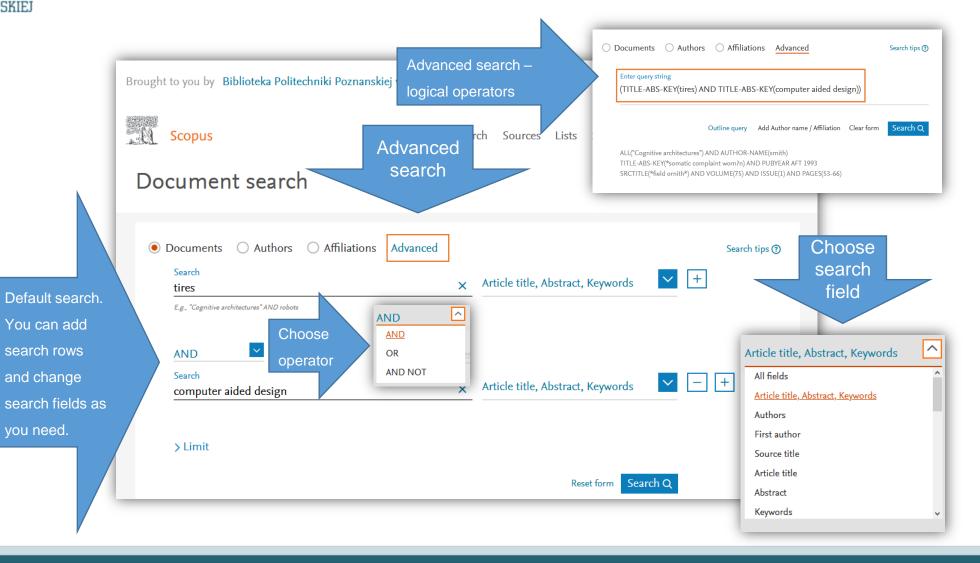
resource type: Bibliographic databases, Patents

It is a bibliographic and abstract database (so it does not contain full texts) with a huge content and a very large topic coverage.

Usually it is a better idea to start your search in Scopus instead of searching in all databases one by one.



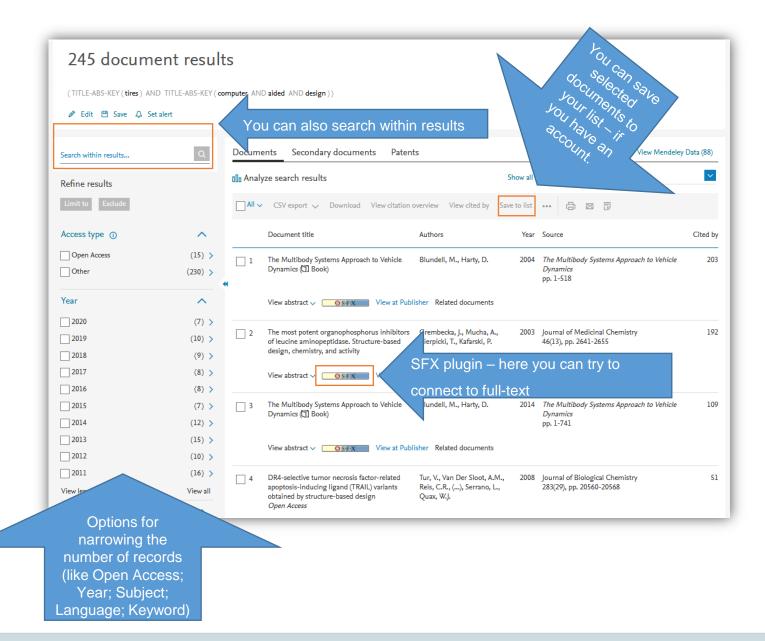
Scopus allows you to perform advanced searches (whether using an search window or using logical operators).





On the results page, there are multiple (more than in other databases) options for narrowing the number of records, e.g. to specific discipline, year or publication language.

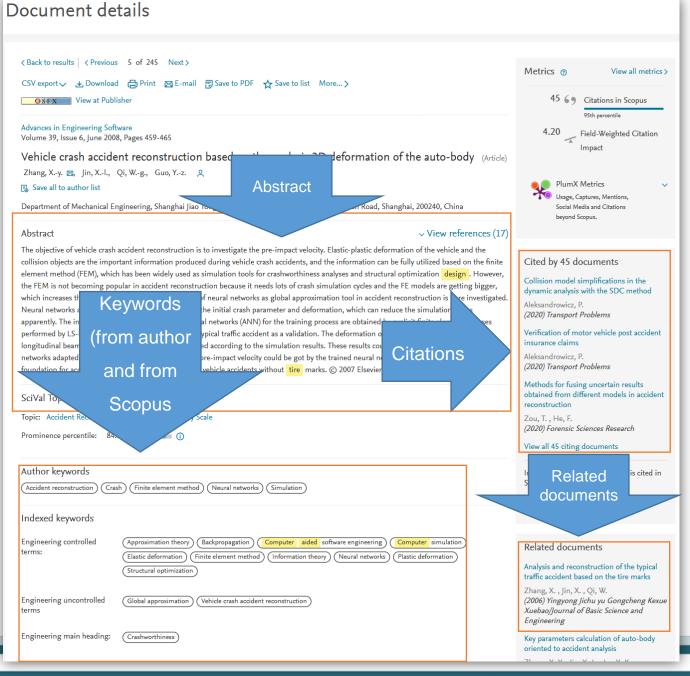
Creating an account in the Scopus database allows you to save your search history and create lists of publications.





Article descriptions are enriched with a significant number of keywords, bibliography and citations. This gives you the opportunity to expand your own keywords based on the articles you have found, and to reach new publications worth reading based on the bibliography or citations.

You can also check out Related documents box.





References section. You should carefully read article bibliography to check if it may be useful for your own work.

CODEN: AESOD

	ype: Journal Publisher: Elsevier Ltd language: English
References (17) View in search results format >	
_	17)
☐ All	CSV export ✓ 🖨 Print 🔀 E-mail 🕝 Save to PDF Create bibliography
☐ 1	Stephan H, Moser A. The collision and trajectory models of PC-CRASH. SAE 960886; 1996.
☐ 2	Zhang, X., Jin, X., Qi, W., Shen, J. Analysis and reconstruction of the typical traffic accident based on the tire marks (2006) Yingyong Jichu yu Gongcheng Kexue Xuebao/Journal of Basic Science and Engineering, 14 (3), pp. 418-426. Cited 10 times. Full Text Elsewier
□ 3	Mchenry BG, Mchenry RR. SMAC97 refinement of the collision algorithm. SAE 970947; 1997.
☐ 4	Day TD, Hargens RL. An overview of the EDSMAC4 collision simulation model. SAE 1999-01-0102; 1999.
□ 5	Leden, L., Wikström, PE., Gårder, P., Rosander, P. Safety and accessibility effects of code modifications and traffic calming of an arterial road (2006) Accident Analysis and Prevention, 38 (3), pp. 455-461. Cited 19 times. doi: 10.1016/j.aap.2005.11.002 Full Text Elsevier View at Publisher
□ 6	Edosomwan, Johnson Aimie, Khalil, Tarek M. ACCIDENT PREVENTION IN SLIPS AND FALLS. (1981) Professional safety, 26 (6), pp. 30-35. Cited 2 times. [Full Text Elsevier]
□ 7	Serrano, Á., Conde, C., Rodríguez-Aragón, L.J., Montes, R., Cabello, E. Computer vision application: Real time smart traffic light (2005) Lecture Notes in Computer Science (including subseries Lecture Notes in Artificial Intelligence and Lecture Notes in Bioinformatics), 3643 LNCS, pp. 525-530. Cited 2 times. ISBN: 3540290028; 978-354029002-5 doi: 10.1007/11556985_68 Full Text Elsevier View at Publisher
□ 8	Webb, W. Black boxes capture car-crash data, controversy (2005) EDN, 50 (10), pp. 33-38. Cited 3 times. http://www.edn.com/contents/images/529380.pdf

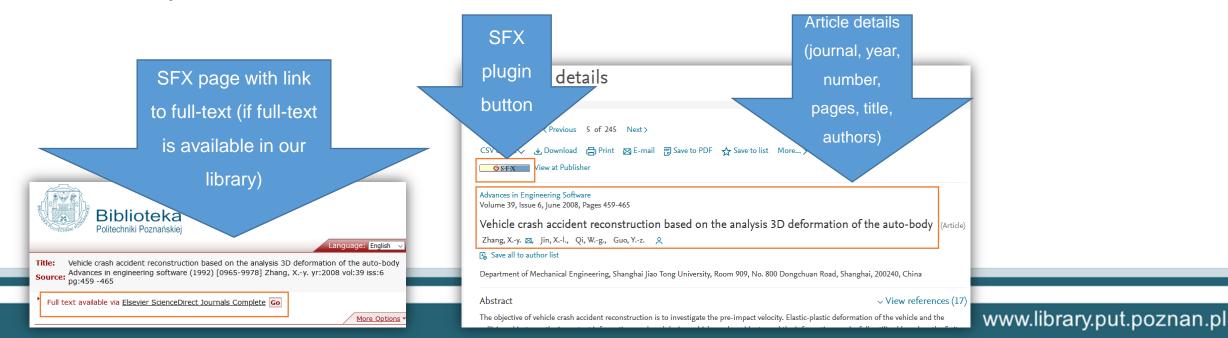
Document Type: Article

put.poznan.pl



Scopus – access to full text by using SFX

Full texts appear in this database only partially (only for Open Access ones) but in general Scopus does not contain files with articles. The solution is to use the SFX plugin - the icon is is next to each publication found in Scopus. Clicking on the SFX button will connect you to our Erresources database and search for the full text of a given publication on the publisher's website. We have many Scopus indexed journals in our electronic subscription. If the SFX plugin does not find the full text, we can still check whether the journals are available in printed version in the reading room (using the library catalogue) or eventually order the missing article in Interlibrary Loan. Please note that in the Scopus database, each article has the title of the journal it comes from, year, number, pages. This data is necessary when searching in the catalogue or ordering an article from another library.





Remember that all publishers, journals and e-book platforms are listed in alphabetical order on the E-resource website:

https://library.put.poznan.pl/en/2_en

The most important databases are:

- Springer
- Wiley
- Taylor & Francis Group
- EBSCOhost
- Elsevier / ScienceDirect
- VitalSource
- Knovel Library

Access to them requires logging in.



How to get full text – "Order a copy" service

The "Order a copy" service allows you to order a scan of an article from a journal available in printed version in our reading room. The service is free of charge.

For example we are looking for article:

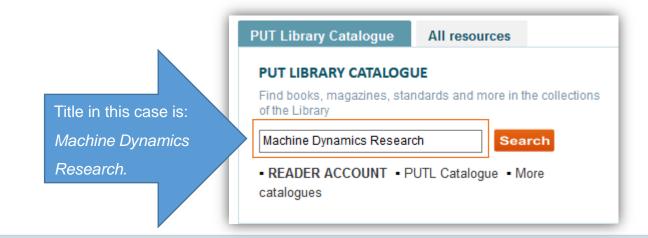
Johansson, J. Exploring Design Content in CAD-Models and Knowledge Bases Using Graph Theory and Filtering. Machine Dynamics Research. 2017, Vol. 41, No. 4s. 5–15. ISSN 2080-9948.

Orders are placed through the library catalogue.

Search for the title of the journal first.

Then choose appropriate year,

volume and issue.

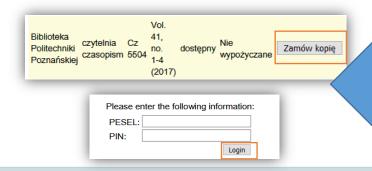




How to get full text – "Order a copy" service



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This is the journal we are looking for

On bottom left corner click

Show all items

Show all items

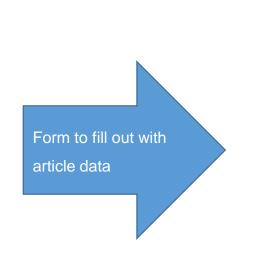
Choose year, issue and number and log in

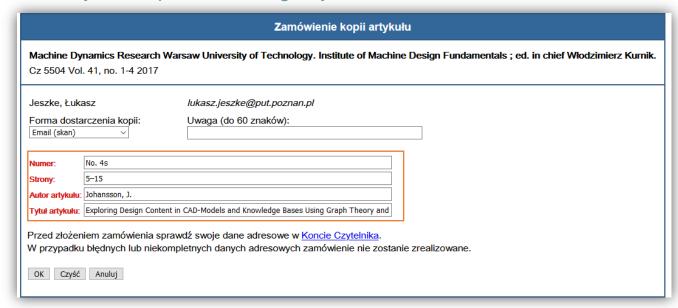
Machine Dynamics Research / Warsaw University of Technology. [Institute of Machine Design Fundamentals]; ed. in chief Włodzimierz Kurnik. Warszawa: Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Warszawskiej, 2010-. Proceding Entry: Machine Dynamics Problems / 0239-7730 2080-9948 ISSN: Current Publication Frequency: Kwart. Add to my list **Subscription Summary** Biblioteka Politechniki Poznańskiej Location: Biblioteka Politechniki Poznańskiej Collection: czytelnia czasopism Call No.: Cz 5504 Status: nieznany Media Type: mag CzasopismoVol. 34-41 (2010-2017 [Braki: Vol. 37, no. 1, 4 (2013)) właściwe: Vol. 42, nr 1-4 (2018)



How to get full text – "Order a copy" service

In the form that will appear provide information of the ordered article: issue, pages, author, title. Copy of the required article will be sent to your e-mail address. Delivery time up to 5 working days, a maximum of 3 articles can be ordered at the same time.





If you are not sure about any data of the ordered article (such as e.g. page numbers), I encourage you to use the Google Scholar, Scopus or BazTech to get full article information.



How to get full text – Interlibrary loan

http://library.put.poznan.pl/en/3_07_en

This service includes importing articles from other Polish libraries (mainly in the form of scans which you get by e-mail) and books. Borrowed books can only be used in the reading room (it is not possible to borrow them home, you can scan books on site). When placing an order, remember to provide - if possible - complete data of the ordered publication. If you order an article, e.g. found in BazTech, Google Scholar or Scopus, all data is available there - just copy it to the order form. I would also like to remind you that we can only borrow publications that are not available in Poznan libraries.



PhD thesis – How to find examples from PUT

Library catalogue (thesis defended at Poznan University of Technology in printed version)

http://pp-hip.pfsl.poznan.pl

Select "Search" -> "Advanced Search" and select "kolekcja: Prace doktorskie OIN" in the "Limits:" field.

Access to thesis in printed version is possible only on site in the reading room (with the possibility of scanning).

Scientific Information System of the Poznan University of Technology

https://sin.put.poznan.pl/

Most of the new PhD thesis from our university are also available online as part of the Scientific Information System. Access does not require logging in.



PhD thesis – How to find

Polish Science database http://nauka-polska.pl/

The database contains information from all universities on – among others - PhD dissertations and postdoctoral research studies carried out in Polish research institutions. If we do not know whether a given thesis has been from our university or we have doubts about the exact title of the thesis, this database is a perfect place to verify information.

In this database, you can search for PhD using the name of their supervisor or reviewer without even knowing their title or author.





PhD thesis – common issues

- Proper citation and references are essential to avoid possible copyright violations
- Copyrights in some cases you will need permissions from publishers to reproduce content (for example to use charts, tables from another publication)
- By default your dissertation will be freely available on the Internet so copyrights permissions are **essential** problem. Most of the publishers are using *RightsLink* system to ask for and manage copyrights

(http://www.copyright.com/publishers/rightslink-permissions/).



PhD thesis – common issues

- Publisher should provide information about permissions on website for example American Institute of Physics website: https://publishing.aip.org/resources/researchers/rights-and-permissions/
- Unfortunately, this does not apply to Polish publishers. Usually Polish journals do not provide a clear way for obtaining permissions in such a situation, please contact the journal's editorial office.
- You don't need permission to use Open Access publications (but remember to verify licence first anyway).



PhD thesis and publishing – common issues

If you are in doubt about the licensing of journals, I encourage you to use the database of publishers' policies maintained by the Library of the Gdansk University of Technology. A group of staff verifies the licences of scientific journals. The database also includes journals from Polish publishers.

https://mostwiedzy.pl/en/magazine/catalog



Publishing your own paper

• Think about your article in terms of searchability. Check out informations about "article search engine optimization" and tips and tricks from publishers to gain citations. Below is an example from Wiley:

https://authorservices.wiley.com/author-resources/Journal-Authors/Prepare/writing-for-seo.html

• Many article rejections are due to language quality. Programs that support the linguistic preparation of articles such as Grammarly or Writefull can help.

 Sometimes authors have problems with plagiarism warnings (usually false positive ones). Most of the publishers use SimilarityCheck to avoid plagrarism: https://www.crossref.org/services/similarity-check/



Writefull

Currently, our university has purchased premium access to Writefull for Phd students and staff. It is a tool for the linguistic correction of academic texts. Corrections include vocabulary, punctuation, spelling, style and grammatical structures based on linguistic context, using artificial intelligence. After installing the appropriate plug-in, you will need to set up an account with your university domain email address (*@put.poznan.pl/*@doctorate.put.poznan.pl)

Writefull - overview: https://chmura.put.poznan.pl/s/Xe6ArCmmwRSsoDt

Writefull - installation in Word Online: https://chmura.put.poznan.pl/s/Gjp26iDkyYXpTnF

Writefull webinars - the current schedule is available at: https://www.writefull.com/webinars#webinars-for-institutions

Technical requirements:

Writefull for Word (Windows): Microsoft Office 2013 or later; Writefull for Word (Mac or Word Online): Microsoft Office 2016 or later, Microsoft Office 365, Word Online and in the LaTeX editor Writefull in Overleaf: Google Chrome, Chromium, and Brave.

Note: Writefull does not work in Word 2010. However, you can open documents prepared in non-supported programs in the free Word Online and use Writefull this way.



Current grant programs mostly require open publication.

• You should be aware of the costs (Article Processing Charge). The cost of publishing is best planned when preparing a grant application.

• Watch out for predatory journals. Such journals promise high impact factor at low cost (fast review process, low fees). Beware of e-mail invitations to publish.



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IOSR JOURNALS OF ENGINEERING
Impact Factor 2019 announcements:-
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IOSR journal of VLSI and Signal Processing:
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IOSR Journal of Polymer and Textile Engineering:
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IOSR Journal of Mobile Computing & Application:
                                                                     3.17
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Funding Open Access offers for authors from Poznan University of Technology:

- Springer
 - 1311 papers in 2022. As of 11/10/2022, 395 articles have been used.
 - Springer help page for authors: https://www.springer.com/gp/open-access/springer-open-choice/springer-compact/agreements-polish-authors
- Elsevier
 - The amount of articles is currently used up. Anticipated renewal of the program beginning of 2023.
 - Elsevier help page for authors: https://www.elsevier.com/about/open-science/open-access/agreements/poland
- Emerald
 - A total of 33 papers are provided for 2022 for all consortium members.



- IEEE
 - Poznan University of Technology prepaid the APCs of 10 articles in 2022. There are still 4 vouchers available.
- American Chemical Society
 - 346 papers in 2022. As of 11/10/2022, 284 articles have been used.

More information (in Polish):

https://wbn.icm.edu.pl/

or

https://library.put.poznan.pl/pl/11



Data Management Plans in National Science Center grants

When applying for a grant from the National Science Center, you should prepare a Research Data Management Plan. Such a plan should describe the data (raw/processed) used in a given research project and constituting a basis for further scientific publications. The aim of the plan is to prepare the data for archiving and - if possible - further open sharing.

The details of data sharing are highly dependent on the research that is being carried out. One of the most popular places for research data at our university is the Zenodo repository (run by CERN and the European Commission).

Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/

Illustrative sample plans (from Gdansk University of Technology):

https://pg.edu.pl/openscience/otwarte-dane-badawcze/plan-zarzadzania-danymi/wzory



The need and practice of creating bibliographies and footnotes

I encourage you to provide comprehensive footnotes and bibliographies in your papers. This allows you to easily return to previously searched publications and is essential when citing - to avoid breaking copyrights. I particularly recommend the Online Writing Lab website, which - in addition to general advice on writing papers - presents in more detail examples of how to correctly create citations, footnotes and bibliographies:

https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/

You can also use reference management software – for example EndNote Online

https://access.clarivate.com/login?app=endnote





http://lukasz.jeszke.pracownik.put.poznan.pl/